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CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

- 1. A method of using a vector network analyzer (VNA) for coordinated Voltage Standing-Wave Ratio (VSWR) and Time Domain Reflectometry (TDR) measurement, said method comprising configuring said VNA for identifying discontinuities correlated to a VSWR lobe.
- 2. The method of claim 1 additionally comprising: identifying a largest VSWR lobe in the frequency band of interest; using phase data associated with S₁₁ scattering parameter to find the correct electrical delay required to align Low Pass Step Transform data; and

configuring said Low Pass Step Transform span and center time to align coherent inductive and capacitive discontinuities relative to grid lines of a TDR display.

3. The method of claim 2 additionally comprising: setting a first channel to Low Pass Step Transform and a second channel to a scattering parameter S_{11} ;

finding f_0 , the frequency at the peak amplitude of the largest lobe of said scattering parameter S_{11} in the frequency band of interest;

setting electrical delay to zero; finding the phase of S_{11} at f_0 ;

denoting said phase θ (degrees);

setting electrical delay in said first and said second channels to $(90-\theta)/(360*_{f_0})$, such that said S_{11} lobe phase reads 90 degrees;

setting said first channel span to 10/ f₀; setting said first channel center to 0.4*span; and setting said first channel format to real.

4. The method of claim 3 additionally comprising: ensuring a valid 1-port calibration is performed on said VNA; setting said first channel reference position to five divisions; setting said first channel reference value to zero; and setting said first channel scale to 0.05 units per division.

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- 5. The method of claim 2 additionally comprising repeating said method for any additional problem VSWR lobes in said frequency band of interest, in order of decreasing lobe magnitude.
- 6. The method of claim 2 further comprising calibrating the magnitudes of capacitive, inductive, and resistive discontinuities, thereby allowing the design of correctly sized compensating features.
 - 7. The method of claim 3 wherein said method is performed manually.
 - 8. The method of claim 3 wherein said method is performed automatically.
 - 9. The method of claim 8 additionally comprising: providing a suitable VNA;

placing by a user a user-scrollable display marker on a VSWR or S_{11} lobe of interest; pressing a control key by said user, thereby initiating automated execution of said method; and

automatically displaying a Low Pass Step Transform with correct time alignment for identifying coherent, canceling, and orthogonal circuit discontinuities.

10. The method of claim 9 wherein said suitable VNA comprises: a visual display;

a processor operable to process time domain and frequency domain reflection signals for graphic presentation on said visual display, said processor capable of performing VNA state control and vector mathematical operations: and

wherein said display includes a visual display marker having a recognizable shape.

- 11. The method of claim 6, wherein said method is performed automatically.
- 12. The method of claim 11 additionally comprising: providing a suitable VNA; and

calculating the relationship of discontinuity amplitude to excess capacitance and/or excess inductance using a processor associated with said VNA.

13. The method of claim 12 additionally comprising placing a user-scrollable display marker on a time-domain discontinuity;

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- 14. The method of claim 12 additionally comprising accepting at a user interface of said VNA y-axis scaling unit inputs of pF per division and/or nH per division.
- 15. The method of claim 12 additionally comprising selecting via a calibration enunciator of a TDR display of said VNA a scale in pF per division and/or nH per division in response to user interface entry of units per division.
- 16. A system for concurrent frequency and time domain reflectometry measurements of an electromagnetic device, said system comprising:
- a vector network analyzer (VNA) providing a visual display and a user interface; and a processor associated with said VNA, said processor operable to process said signal for graphic presentation on said visual display.
- 17. The system of claim 16 wherein said display comprises a user-scrollable visual display marker having a recognizable shape.
- 18. The system of claim 16 further comprising a coaxial cable and an RF connector for communicatively coupling a signal from said electromagnetic device to said VNA.
- 19. The system of claim 16 wherein said processor is capable of performing VNA state control and vector mathematical operations.
 - 20. The system of claim 16 wherein said processor is internal to said VNA.
- 21. The system of claim 16 further comprising an algorithm that generates a visual display of desired coherent, canceling, and orthogonal electromagnetic reflection discontinuities in response to said concurrent time and frequency domain reflectometry measurements.